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COMET P/2006 XG_{16} (SPACEWATCH)

C. W. Hergenrother, University of Arizona, informs us that R-band images taken with the Catalina 1.54-m telescope show the Spacewatch discovery 2006 XG₁₆ (cf. MPS 192606, 195581; MPO 113007; discovery observation below) to be a comet. It was suspected to be cometary on images taken on 2007 Jan. 27.19 UT in poor seeing. Co-added 600-s R-band exposures in excellent seeing on Jan. 28.19 show the object at R=18.2 with a coma 9" in diameter and a tail 20" long in p.a. 135°.

2006	UT	$lpha_{2000}$	δ_{2000}
Dec. 1	0.41280	$7^{^{\mathrm{h}}}31^{^{\mathrm{m}}}13.50$	$+26^{\circ}37^{'}28^{''}7$

The following orbital elements (together with the Jan. 27–28 astrometry, full residuals, and an ephemeris) are given on MPEC 2007-B79.

SATELLITES OF NEPTUNE

Further to $IAUC\,5347$, the IAU Working Group for Planetary System Nomenclature has approved the following new designations and names of satellites of Neptune:

COMET C/2006 P1 (McNAUGHT)

Visual total-magnitude and tail-length estimates (cf. $IAUC\,8797$): Jan. 22.51 UT, -0.3, 24° (A. Pearce, City Beach, W. Australia, naked eye); 23.53, +1.5, 30° (D. J. Frew, Perth Observatory, naked eye); 24.53, -0.3, 26° (Pearce); 25.52, +0.4, 20° (Pearce); 29.65, +2.3:, 15° (J. Drummond, Gisborne, New Zealand, naked eye); 31.52, 2.5, $>7^{\circ}$ (Frew); Feb. 3.95, 3.0, - (W. Souza, São Paulo, Brazil, 8×30 binoculars).